



98W - 2021

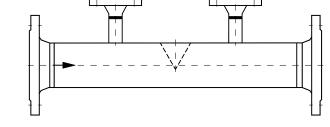
# **Wedge Meters**

#### Application

Wedge meters are used for flow measurement of aggressive and non-aggressive gases, steam and liquids, especially for viscous liquids containing particles.

# Design

The Wedge meter consists of a pipe section and a



V-shaped wedge as a throttle element. This wedge generates a differential pressure which is proportional to the volume flow. Due to the shape of the restriction (wedge), the wear is much lower than, e.g. for an ISO 5167 square edged orifice plate. The tapping of the differential pressure is done located in front of and behind the wedge, usually via flanges DN 50 (2") or DN 80 (3") so that differential pressure transmitters with diaphragm seals can be used.

#### Advantages

This flow element is well suited for applications where solid particles in the liquid flow medium are present. Additionally, the wedge type combines several advantages:

- bidirectional flow measurement
- relatively short inlet and outlet straight lengths are required
- easy to clean because of large tapping sizes

## Measuring Uncertainty

+/- 5% of the discharge coefficient C (a calibration can reduce the uncertainty)

#### Pressure Loss

The pressure loss depends on the diameter ratio  $\beta$  (d/D) and amounts to approx. 40 - 60% of the differential pressure.

#### Nominal Diameter

DN 25 to DN 600 / 1" to 24" (other sizes are available upon request)

#### Pressure Rating

PN 10 to PN 400 / 150# to 2500# (ASME)



98W - 2021 2

#### Installation Length

In general, Wedge meters are manufactured with end flanges for easy mounting. Depending on line size, the total length are as follows:

| DN             | 25   | 40     | 50   | 80   | 100  | 150  | 200  | 250   | 300   | 350   | 400   | 450   | 500   | 600   |
|----------------|------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                | (1") | (1,5") | (2") | (3") | (4") | (6") | (8") | (10") | (12") | (14") | (16") | (18") | (20") | (24") |
| length<br>(mm) | 700  | 700    | 700  | 850  | 900  | 100  | 1050 | 1150  | 1200  | 1250  | 1250  | 1300  | 1400  | 1600  |

Special Lengths are available upon request.

#### Height of Wedge "h"

The calculation of the wedge height is based on the supplied process data. All relevant standards and regulations will be considered. The calculation is part of the scope of supply.

### Pressure Taps

Generally, pressure tappings have end flanges DN 50 (2") or DN 80 (3"). For gases, they face upwards and for liquids, they face downwards.

#### Marking

Tag no. of flow element
Pressure rating "PN"
Pipe inner diameter "D"
Height of wedge "h"
Material, direction of flow and tagging
of pressure tappings with "+" and "-"

#### Materials

The following table shows a selection of typical materials. The material is chosen based on process medium, pressure and temperature.

| Wedge material           | Description        | DIN material no. | ASTM / UNS     |
|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|
|                          | P250 GH (C22.8)    | 1.0460           | ~ A105         |
|                          | P265 GH            | 1.0425           | -              |
| non-alloy steels         | A105               | ~1.0432          | A105           |
|                          | A516 Gr.60         | ~1.0426          | A516 Gr.60     |
|                          | A516 Gr.70         | ~1.0473          | A516 Gr.70     |
| stainless steels         | X2CrNiMo17-12-2    | 1.4404           | A182 Gr. 316L  |
| Stairliess steels        | X6CrNiMoTi 17 12 2 | 1.4571           | A182 Gr. 316Ti |
| high corrosion-resistant | Hastelloy C276     | 2.4819           | N 10276        |
| alloys                   | Monel 400          | 2.4360           | N 04400        |

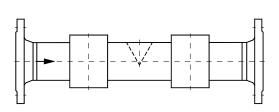


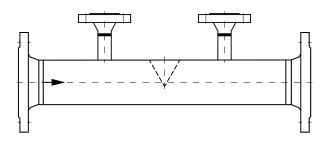
98W - 2021 3

### Example Designs

design for DN 25 (1") to DN 50 (2")

design for DN 80 (3") to DN 600 (24")





#### Installation

For mounting between flanges according to EN 1092-1 / ASME B 16.5 or other standards such as DIN, JIS or BS. The pipe may be positioned horizontally, vertically or sloped.

#### Quality Control

Manufacture and Test work is done according to the relevant codes and standards such as AD 2000, EN 13480, ASME Codes (without stamp) or customer specifications.

Inspection certificates according to EN 10204 3.1 and 3.2. are furnished if ordered. Special inspections are available upon request.

#### Accessories

Pipe flanges, bolts/nuts, gaskets for installation, instrument valves, condensate pots, manifolds, mounting accessories can be included for additional charges.